## **Audited Financial Statements**



December 31, 2019

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### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors **Social & Environmental Entrepreneurs**Calabasas, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Social & Environmental Entrepreneurs (SEE), a nonprofit organization, which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2019 and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Board of Directors Social & Environmental Entrepreneurs Page 2

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Social & Environmental Entrepreneurs as of December 31, 2019 and the changes in its net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Puigley 4 Miles

Los Angeles, California

Los Angeles, California March 26, 2021

## Social & Environmental Entrepreneurs Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2019

### **Assets**

Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 11,764,251
Grants and contributions receivable—Note 3		4,134,885
Investments—Note 4		856,145
Other current assets		116,175
	Total Assets	\$ 16,871,456
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		\$ 542,249
	<b>Total Liabilities</b>	542,249
Commitments and Contingencies—Note 5		
Net Assets		
Without donor restrictions		1,293,123
With donor restrictions—Note 6		15,036,084
	<b>Total Net Assets</b>	 16,329,207
	Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 16,871,456

Social & Environmental Entrepreneurs Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Operating Activities			
Support			
Contributions	\$ 148,771	\$ 21,066,414	\$ 21,215,185
Total Support	148,771	21,066,414	21,215,185
Net assets released from restrictions	18,501,833	(18,501,833)	
Total Support and Net Assets Released from Restrictions	18,650,604	2,564,581	21,215,185
Expenses			
Fiscal sponsorship services	17,357,175		17,357,175
Management and general	1,173,478		1,173,478
Total Expenses	18,530,653		18,530,653
Change in Net Assets From Operations	119,951	2,564,581	2,684,532
Nonoperating Activities			
Investment return, net		146,681	146,681
<b>Total Nonoperating Activities</b>		146,681	146,681
Change in Net Assets	119,951	2,711,262	2,831,213
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	1,173,172	12,324,822	13,497,994
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 1,293,123	\$ 15,036,084	\$ 16,329,207

Social & Environmental Entrepreneurs Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Sı	Fiscal consorship Services	anagement nd General	Total
Expenses				 
Salaries and wages	\$	5,877,118	\$ 639,794	\$ 6,516,912
Payroll taxes		507,161	52,678	559,839
Workers' compensation insurance and				
other employee benefits		445,437	 20,096	 465,533
Total Personnel		6,829,716	712,568	7,542,284
Advertising and promotion		94,905	2,246	97,151
Community relations		99,139		99,139
Contractor and professional fees		5,668,808	227,421	5,896,229
Equipment purchases, rental,				
and maintenance		171,956	9,708	181,664
Grants made:				
To project-based collaborative				
organizations		1,045,464		1,045,464
To spun-off and transferred projects		6,745		6,745
Insurance		33,219	56,890	90,109
Occupancy		468,199	47,964	516,163
Postage and shipping		29,095	5,640	34,735
Printing and publications		67,200		67,200
Supplies and miscellaneous		698,555	77,743	776,298
Telephone		177,489	5,697	183,186
Travel, conferences, and meetings		1,966,685	 27,601	 1,994,286
Total Non-Personnel		10,527,459	 460,910	 10,988,369
Total Expenses	\$	17,357,175	\$ 1,173,478	\$ 18,530,653

### Social & Environmental Entrepreneurs Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2019

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$	2,831,213
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Gain on investments		(102,711)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Grants and contributions receivable		(1,879,539)
Other current assets		(48,988)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		180,398
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		980,373
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchases of investments		(20,940)
Proceeds from sales of investments		481,520
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		460,580
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,440,953
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
at Beginning of Year		10,323,298
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
at End of Year	\$	11,764,251
Supplementary Disclosures		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Income taxes	\$	-
Interest	\$	_
	<u> </u>	

Social & Environmental Entrepreneurs Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Note 1—Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Organization</u>—Social & Environmental Entrepreneurs (Auditor) (SEE) was initiated in 1994 as a nonprofit administrative structure for grassroots projects. In addition to providing necessary administrative services, this structure is a model of activist empowerment and mutual support. Through the years, SEE has grown to encompass over 200 projects, from one-person, start-up volunteer efforts to full-scale, long-term operations.

SEE's projects are funded primarily by grants from foundations, corporations, and government agencies, contributions from individuals, and earnings on investments. The management and general operations of SEE are funded primarily by administrative fees charged on project revenues.

<u>Financial Statement Presentation</u>—The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. SEE's net assets are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. As such, the net assets of SEE and changes therein are presented and reported as follows:

<u>Net assets without donor restrictions</u>—Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations and that may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of SEE. These net assets may be used at the discretion of SEE's management and the board of directors.

<u>Net assets with donor restrictions</u>—Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; such restrictions that may or will be met either by actions of SEE and/or the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated that the funds be maintained in perpetuity. Generally, the donors of such assets permit SEE to use all or part of the income earned on related investments for general or specific purposes.

Donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the nature of the restriction. When a time restriction expires or a purpose restriction is satisfied, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and are reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Since the contributions relate to the various projects of SEE, essentially all contributions are net assets with donor restrictions. When a donor restriction expires, as the monies are spent, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported as released from restrictions. Net assets with donor restrictions at December 31, 2019 consisted of amounts restricted to funding specific expenses in future periods.

<u>Measure of Operations</u>—The statement of activities reports all changes in net assets, including changes in net assets from operating and nonoperating activities. Operating activities consist of those items attributable to SEE's ongoing fiscal sponsorship services and interest and dividends earned investments. Nonoperating activities are limited to resources that generate return from investments and other activities considered to be of a more usual or nonrecurring nature.

### Note 1—Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Income Taxes—SEE is a nonprofit organization exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) and Section 23701(d) of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is included in the financial statements. In addition, SEE has been determined by the Internal Revenue Service not to be a private foundation within the meaning of Section 509(a) of the Code. Accounting standards require an organization to evaluate its tax positions and provide for a liability for any positions that would not be considered 'more likely than not' to be upheld under a tax authority examination. Management has evaluated its tax positions and has concluded that a provision for a tax liability is not necessary at December 31, 2019. Generally, SEE's information returns remain open for examination for a period of three (federal) or four (state of California) years from the date of filing.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>—SEE considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash consists of balances in checking and savings accounts at banks.

<u>Grants and Contributions Receivable</u>—Grants and contributions receivable that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value upon receipt of the award. Grants and contributions receivable that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at fair value at the time of the award. SEE measures fair value of contributions receivable in more than one year as the present value of expected future cash flows. Amortization of the associated discount is included in contributions revenue. Management provides for probably uncollectible amounts based on its assessment of recent collection history and current donor relationships.

Conditional contributions are not included as support until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met.

<u>Contributions</u>—Contributions received are recorded as net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor-imposed restrictions. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as an increase in net assets without donor restrictions if the restriction expires in the reporting period in which the contribution is recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as an increase in net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the nature of restriction. When a restriction expires (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

<u>Investments</u>—Investments are valued at fair market value. Investment income, gains, and losses are reported as unrestricted income unless use of the earnings is restricted by the donor.

<u>Property and Equipment</u>—Property, furniture, and equipment are stated at cost. Acquisitions in excess of \$3,000 are capitalized. Property, furniture, and equipment are depreciated on the straight-line method using useful lives ranging from five to 31.5 years. At December 31, 2019, SEE had no capitalized property and equipment.

### Note 1—Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Continued

Concentration of Credit Risk—Financial instruments which potentially subject SEE to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents, and grants receivable. SEE places its cash and cash equivalents with two high quality financial institutions, where accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per institution. At times, such cash and cash equivalent balances are in excess of the FDIC/SIPC insurance limits. At December 31, 2019, cash balances exceeded the FDIC insurance limits by approximately \$11,061,224. Management regularly reviews the financial stability of its cash and money market fund depositories and deems the risk of loss due to these concentrations to be minimal.

Grants and contributions receivable consist of balances from foundations, businesses, and individuals. Collection losses related to contributions receivable have historically been immaterial and management has concluded that, based on its review of balances outstanding, a valuation allowance from selected receivable balances is not necessary.

<u>Revenue Recognition</u>—Revenues from grants are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets as allowable expenditures under such agreements are incurred. The amounts expended in excess of reimbursements are reported as contributions receivable. Amounts received in excess of amounts expended are recorded as temporarily restricted net assets.

<u>Functional Expenses</u>—The financial statements report all categories of expenses directly either to a fiscally sponsored project as part of the program services function or to SEE operations as part of the management and general supporting services function.

<u>Donated Services</u>—A substantial number of volunteers have donated a significant number of hours devoted to SEE's program services, management and general, and fundraising activities. However, these donated services are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements as they do not meet the criteria for recognition under current accounting standards.

Recently Adopted Accounting Principle—In June 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2018-08, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made. ASU No. 2018-08 clarifies and improves the scope of the accounting guidance for contributions received and contributions made. The clarifications and improved scope assist entities in 1) evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as contributions (nonreciprocal) or as exchange (reciprocal) transactions, and 2) determining whether a contribution is conditional. The clarified guidance applies to all entities that receive or make contributions (grants). ASU No. 2018-08 has been adopted by SEE for the year ended December 31, 2019, however, the retrospective approach requires that organizations reflect the effect of the new guidance in the earliest year presented in the financial statements. SEE has determined that adopting ASU No. 2018-08 has had no material effect on the financial statements.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>—The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

### Note 2—Availability and Liquidity

The following represents the availability and liquidity of SEE's financial assets at December 31, 2019 to cover operating expenses for the next fiscal year:

Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,764,251
Grants and contributions receivable		4,134,885
Investments	_	856,145
Total Financial Assets		16,755,281
Less amounts not available to be used within one year:		
Net assets with donor restrictions		
Restricted due to purpose		
Animal welfare projects		(335,057)
Civic engagement projects		(864,409)
Community development projects		(3,715,840)
Donor-advised funds		(746,411)
Environmental sustainability projects		(1,685,559)
Health and food projects		(1,386,171)
Human rights projects		(3,890,390)
Youth development projects		(2,412,247)
Total Amounts Not Available		
to be Used Within One Year	_	(15,036,084)
Financial Assets Available to Meet General		
<b>Expenditures Over the Next Twelve Months</b>	\$	1,719,197

SEE's goal is generally to maintain financial assets to meet 90 days of operating expenses (approximately \$300,000). SEE operates within a prudent range of financial soundness and stability to support the ongoing fulfillment of its mission.

#### Note 3—Grants and Contributions Receivable

Grants and contributions receivable at December 31, 2019 consist of the following:

Year Ending D	December 31,		
202	2.0		\$ 3,854,405
202	1		 280,480
		Total	\$ 4,134,885

#### Note 3—Grants and Contributions Receivable—Continued

There was no allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2019. The present value discount at December 31, 2019, was considered to not be material by management and, thus, not recorded.

Grants and contributions receivable at December 31, 2019 by both funder and net asset categories consist of the following:

		out Donor trictions	ith Donor estrictions	 Total
Foundations and other nonprofit organizations Businesses, individuals, and		\$	\$ 3,379,383	\$ 3,379,383
government agencies		52,928	702,574	755,502
	Totals	\$ 52,928	\$ 4,081,957	\$ 4,134,885

For detail on the composition of net assets with donor restrictions, see Note 6.

#### Note 4—Investments and Fair Value Measurements

In determining the fair value of investments, SEE, in accordance with ASU No. 2015-07, utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible. SEE determines fair value based on assumption that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability in the principal or most advantageous market. When considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, the following fair value hierarchy distinguishes between observable and unobservable inputs, which are characterized in one of the following levels:

<u>Level 1</u>—Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities accessible to the Organization at the measurement date.

<u>Level 2</u>—Valuations based on observable inputs (other than Level 1) such as quoted prices for similar assets at the measurement date; quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

<u>Level 3</u>—Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement and involve management judgment. SEE had no Level 3 assets or liabilities at December 31, 2019.

SEE may utilize a practical expedient for the estimation of the fair value of investments in investment companies for which the investment does not have a readily determinable fair value. The practical expedient used by SEE to value private investments is the Net Asset Value (NAV) per share, or its equivalent. In some instances, the NAV may not equal the fair value that would be calculated under fair value accounting standards. At December 31, 2019, SEE had no investments for which fair value was estimated at NAV.

#### Note 4—Investments and Fair Value Measurements—Continued

Fair values of assets and liabilities on a recurring basis at December 31, 2019 consist of investments, detailed as follows:

Certificates of deposit Mutual funds		\$ 448,900
Bond funds		301,851
Equity funds		105,394
	Total	\$ 856,145

### Note 5—Commitments and Contingencies

SEE leases office facilities in Calabasas, California under two separate non-cancellable rental agreements which expired May 31, 2019 and September 30, 2019, respectively. In 2019, SEE negotiated extensions to each rental agreement resulting in new expiration dates of May 31, 2024 and September 30, 2021, respectively. The future minimum annual rental commitments by year for these leases are as follows:

	Total	\$ 112,198
2022		22,709
2021		46,163
2020		\$ 43,326
Year Ending December 31,		

Office facilities rental expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 was approximately \$39,000.

Grants require the fulfillment of certain conditions as set forth in the instrument of the grant. Failure to fulfill the conditions could result in the return of the funds to the grantors. Although that is a possibility, the Board deems the contingency remote, since by accepting a grant and its terms, the Board is acknowledging the requirements of the grantor at the time of receipt of the grant.

#### Note 6—Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions for the year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Subject to expenditure for specified purpose:
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Fiscal sponsorship services	
Animal welfare projects	\$ 305,307
Civic engagement projects	45,917
Community development projects	2,883,605
Donor-advised funds	746,411
Environmental sustainability projects	1,468,446
Health and food projects	979,886
Human rights projects	2,995,336
Youth development projects	1,529,219
Promises to give, the proceeds from which have	
been restricted by donors for:	
Fiscal sponsorship services	
Animal welfare projects	29,750
Civic engagement projects	818,492
Community development projects	832,235
Environmental sustainability projects	217,113
Health and food projects	406,285
Human rights projects	895,054
Youth development projects	 883,028

Net assets released from donor restrictions for the year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Total Net Assets With Donor Restrictions \$ 15,036,084

### Satisfaction of purpose restrictions:

Fiscal sponsorship services		
Animal welfare projects	\$	370,834
Civic engagement projects		4,657,982
Community development projects		4,575,305
Environmental sustainability projects		2,925,717
Health and food projects		1,254,335
Human rights projects		2,979,028
Youth development projects		1,738,632
	•	

### Total Net Assets Released from Donor Restrictions \$ 18,501,833

SEE administers various "donor-advised funds." A donor-advised fund is a separately-identified fund established by a donor or group of donors with an instrument of gift describing the general or specific purposes of the funds; is owned and controlled by a sponsoring organization (SEE); and allows a donor, or person designated by the donor, advisory privileges with respect to the distribution of the charitable funds.

### Note 7—Recent Accounting Pronouncements

<u>Leases</u>—In February 2016, FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases* (Topic 842), which requires organizations that lease assets (lessees) to recognize the assets and related liabilities for the rights and obligations created by the leases on the statement of financial position for leases with terms exceeding 12 months. ASU No. 2016-02 defines a lease as a contract or part of a contract that conveys the right to control the use of identified assets for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The lessee in a lease will be required to initially measure the right-of-use asset and the lease liability at the present value of the remaining lease payments, as well as capitalize initial direct costs as part of the right-of-use asset. ASU No. 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, with early adoption permitted. SEE is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU No. 2016-02 will have on its financial statements.

Gifts-in-Kind—In September 2020, FASB issued ASU No. 2020-07, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets, which requires increased transparency around the use and valuation of contributed nonfinancial assets (also known as gifts-in-kind) received by not-for-profit entities. Under the updated guidance, gifts-in-kind are required to be presented as a separate line item in the statement of activities, apart from contributions of cash or other financial assets, and to be disaggregated in the notes to the financial statements by the category that depicts the type of contributed nonfinancial assets. There are additional required disclosures regarding qualitative information denoting whether the gifts-in-kind were monetized or utilized during the reporting period; the entity's policy, if any, about monetizing rather than utilizing contributed nonfinancial assets; and the valuation techniques and inputs used to arrive at a fair value measure. ASU No. 2020-07 is to be applied retrospectively and is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, and interim periods within annual reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. Early adoption is permitted. SEE is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of ASU 2020-07 will have on its financial statements.

#### Note 8—Subsequent Events

On March 10, 2020, the world Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak to be a pandemic. Since then, business continuity, including supply chains and consumer demand across a broad range of industries and countries, has been, and continues to be, severely impacted, as governments and their citizens take significant and unprecedented measures to mitigate the consequences of the pandemic. SEE is continuing to conduct its fiscal sponsorship services activities and to monitor the ongoing impact of the pandemic on its overall operations. At the time of this reporting, the cumulative financial impact of the pandemic on SEE cannot be fully determined, therefore no related adjustment has been made to these financial statements.

On April 29, 2020, SEE received a Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) advance of \$1,201,889, granted by the Small Business Administration under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act). Under the program terms, PPP advances are forgiven and recognized as grant revenue if the proceeds are used to maintain compensation costs and employee headcount, and other qualifying expenses (mortgage interest, rent, and utilities) incurred following receipt of the advance. SEE believes that it used the proceeds of the PPP advance for purposes consistent with the PPP and intends to apply for full forgiveness of the loan.

### Note 8—Subsequent Events—Continued

Management evaluated all activities of SEE through March 26, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and concluded that, other than SEE's receipt of the PPP funding described above, no other material subsequent events have occurred that would require adjustment to the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.